### ANNUAL REPORT

# CHINA UNIVERSAL INTERNATIONAL SERIES - CUAM SELECT US DOLLAR BOND FUND

(A sub-fund of China Universal International Series, an umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong)

31 December 2018

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### ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

#### MANAGER

China Universal Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited 3710-11, Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street Central Hong Kong

### **DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGER**

LI Wen WAN Qing ZHANG Hui

### SOLICITORS TO THE MANAGER

Deacons 5/F, Alexandra House 18 Chater Road Central Hong Kong

#### TRUSTEE AND REGISTRAR

BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited 12/F & 25/F, Citicorp Centre 18 Whitfield Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

#### **AUDITOR**

Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central Hong Kong

### **CUSTODIAN**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited 14/F, Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Central Hong Kong

#### REPORT OF THE MANAGER

In 2018, as expected, the United States Federal Reserve raised its benchmark interest rates for four times, after three times in 2017. By the iBoxx USD Asia ex-Japan Index, China investment grade bonds increased 0.76%, while China high yield bonds and corporate bonds dropped 3.97% and 0.67% respectively in 2018.

Assuming dividends were reinvested, the US Dollar Class I of the Sub-Fund achieved a -0.10% return during the year. The US Dollar Class A of the Sub-Fund achieved a -0.40% return during the year. The Hong Kong Dollar Class I of the Sub-Fund achieved a 0.10% return during the year. The Hong Kong Dollar Class A of the Sub-Fund achieved a -0.15% return during the year. The Renminbi Class I of the Sub-Fund achieved a 5.09% return during the year. The Renminbi Class A of the Sub-Fund achieved a 4.78% return during the year.

In terms of market outlook, we keep short duration, underweight rates and overweight credits. Meanwhile, we prudentially select in bonds seeking for return enhancement as we expect stronger economic data to create an environment where spread products will likely outperform rate products.

For and on behalf of China Universal Asset Manageme	ent (Hong Kong) Company Limited, the Manager
26 April 2019	

#### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager, China Universal Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited, has, in all material respects, managed China Universal International Series – CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed dated 29 December 2011 as amended by four supplemental deeds dated 5 October 2012, 15 July 2013, 25 August 2016 and 12 January 2017 (collectively, the "Trust Deed").

On behalf of BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited	, the Trustee		
26 April 2019			

#### **Independent auditor's report**

To the Trustee and the Manager of CHINA UNIVERSAL INTERNATIONAL SERIES – CUAM SELECT US DOLLAR BOND FUND (A sub-fund of China Universal International Series, an umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of China Universal International Series – CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund (a sub-fund of China Universal International Series (the "Trust") and referred to as the "Sub-Fund") set out on pages 7 to 41 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders, the statement of cash flows and the statement of distribution for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information included in the Annual Report

The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Independent auditor's report (continued)**

To the Trustee and the Manager of CHINA UNIVERSAL INTERNATIONAL SERIES – CUAM SELECT US DOLLAR BOND FUND (A sub-fund of China Universal International Series, an umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong)

#### Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, and for such internal control as the Manager and the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager and the Trustee either intend to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the trust deed dated 29 December 2011 as amended by four supplemental deeds dated 5 October 2012, 15 July 2013, 25 August 2016 and 12 January 2017 (collectively, the "Trust Deed") and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds ("the SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

### **Independent auditor's report (continued)**

To the Trustee and the Manager of CHINA UNIVERSAL INTERNATIONAL SERIES – CUAM SELECT US DOLLAR BOND FUND (A sub-fund of China Universal International Series, an umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager and the Trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's and the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager and the Trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Report on matters under the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 26 April 2019

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2018 US\$	For the period from 27 March 2017(date of inception) to 31 December 2017 US\$
INCOME Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Other interest income		362,343 2,198	189,684 13,341
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	( 332,712)	( 73,055)
Foreign exchange differences	,	448	( 3,204)
Other income	4	16,561	400
		48,838	127,166
EXPENSES			
Management fee	4	( 37,021)	( 27,468)
Trustee fee	4	( 25,414)	( 8,146)
Custodian fee License fee	4	( 1,496) ( 814)	( 795) ( 577)
Bank charges		( 881)	( 467)
		(65,626)	( 37,453)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		( 16,788)	89,713
FINANCE COSTS Distributions to unitholders	6		( 111,626)
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		(16,788)	( 21,913)

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
ASSETS		υ 25φ	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	5,592,270	6,663,090
Prepayment		814	240
Interest receivables		108,642	85,450
Due from the Manager	4	21,734	1,891
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,188,705	1,684,634
TOTAL ASSETS		6,912,165	8,435,305
LIABILITIES			
Management fee payable	4	2,990	3,573
Trustee fee payable	4	2,500	1,056
Redemption proceeds payable		-	1,097,804
Other payables and accruals		60	120
TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		5,550	1,102,553
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		6,906,615	7,332,752
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE			
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	10	222 400 100	144 160 961
- Class A (HKD) units	10 10	223,408.189 906.827	144,160.861 906.827
- Class A (RMB) units - Class A (USD) units	10	71,473.054	71,473.054
- Class I (HKD) units	10	1,002,582.550	1,407,477.748
- Class I (RMB) units	10	906.818	906.818
- Class I (USD) units	10	5,268,826.549	5,268,826.549
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS PER UNIT			
1 221 01 111		HK\$	HK\$
- Class A (HKD) units		10.007	10.023
- Class I (HKD) units		10.031	10.022
		RMB	RMB
- Class A (RMB) units		9.973	9.519
- Class I (RMB) units		10.022	9.538
		US\$	US\$
- Class A (USD) units		0.996	1.000
- Class I (USD) units		0.999	1.000

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

		US\$
At 27 March 2017 (date of inception)		-
Subscription of units		8,452,469
Redemption of units	(	1,097,804)
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders during the period	(_	21,913)
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018		7,332,752
Subscription of units		100,651
Redemption of units	(	510,000)
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders during the year	(_	16,788)
At 31 December 2018	_	6,906,615

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2018 US\$	For the period from 27 March 2017(date of inception) to 31 December 2017 US\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders Adjustments for:		( 16,788)	( 21,913)
Interest income on financial assets at fair value through		( 262.242)	( 100 (04)
profit or loss		( 362,343)	( 189,684)
Other interest income Distribution to unitholders		( 2,198)	( 13,341) 111,626
Distribution to unfuloiders		( 201 220)	
		( 381,329)	( 113,312)
Decrease/(increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		1,070,820	( 6,663,090)
Increase in prepayment		( 574)	( 240)
Increase in amount due from the Manager		( 19,843)	( 1,891)
(Decrease)/increase in management fee payable Increase in trustee fee payable		( 583) 1,444	3,573 1,056
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and accruals		( 60)	120
(Decrease)/merease in other payables and accruais		( 00)	
Net cash from/(used in) operations		669,875	( 6,773,784)
Interest received		341,349	117,575
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities		1,011,224	( 6,656,209)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of units		100,651	8,452,469
Payments for redemption of units		( 1,607,804)	-
Distribution to unitholders		-	( 111,626)
		<del></del>	<del></del>
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities		( 1,507,153)	8,340,843
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		( 495,929)	1,684,634
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,684,634	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	9	1,188,705	1,684,634

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

		Year ended	For the period from 27 March 2017(date of inception) to
	<b>N</b> Y .	31 December	31 December
	Note	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
ANALYSIS OF BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and bank balances	9	1,188,705	229,472
Time deposits with original maturity of less than			
three months	9	<del>_</del>	1,455,162
		1,188,705	1,684,634

#### STATEMENT OF DISTRIBUTION

Year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	US\$
Undistributed income at 27 March 2017 (date of inception)		-
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders during the year Add: Finance costs – distribution to unitholders Add: Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Undistributed income before distribution		(21,913)  111,626
2017 interim distribution distributed (Class A HKD: HK\$0.075 per unit, Class A RMB: RMB0.073 per unit, Class A USD: US\$0.0075 per unit, Class I HKD: HK\$0.075 per unit, Class I RMB: RMB0.073 per unit,		
Class I USD: US\$0.0075 per unit) on 15 September 2017 2017 final distribution distributed (Class A HKD: HK\$0.070 per unit, Class A USD: US\$0.003 per unit, Class I HKD: HK\$0.090 per unit,	6	( 62,356)
Class I USD: US\$0.005 per unit) on 15 December 2017 Transfer to capital	6	( 49,270) ( 51,142)
Undistributed income at 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018		-
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders during the year Add: Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Undistributed income before distribution		$ \begin{array}{r} ( 16,788) \\ \underline{332,712} \\ 315,924 \end{array} $
Transfer to capital		( 315,924)
Undistributed income at 31 December 2018		

The amount available for distribution is the total net amount receivable by the Sub-Fund in respect of the relevant period ("Total Income") minus any expenses chargeable against income, subject to adjustments made in accordance with the Trust Deed. Total Income would include amount receivable by way of interests (e.g. generated from bank deposits and debt securities), or other receipts as determined by the Manager to be in the nature of income. Capital gains or losses, whether realised or unrealised, do not form part of Total Income and therefore would not impact on the amount available for distribution.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 1. THE SUB-FUND

China Universal International Series (the "Trust") was constituted as an open-ended unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong pursuant to the trust deed dated 29 December 2011 as amended by four supplemental deeds dated 5 October 2012, 15 July 2013, 25 August 2016 and 12 January 2017 (collectively, the "Trust Deed"). As at 31 December 2018, the Trust consists of four sub-funds namely CUAM RMB Bondplus Fund, CUAM China-Hong Kong Strategy Fund, CUAM Hong Kong Dollar Bond Fund and CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund.

CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund (the "Sub-Fund") was commenced as a separate sub-fund of the Trust on 27 March 2017. The Sub-Fund is an open-ended unit trust authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and is required to comply with the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the SFC (the "SFC Code"). Authorisation by the SFC does not imply official approval or recommendation.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund is China Universal Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited (the "Manager") and the Trustee is BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited (the "Trustee"). The Custodian is Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Custodian").

Two classes of units, namely Class A units and Class I units, are available for subscription for the Sub-Fund. Class A units and Class I units are subject to different management fees. For the year ended 31 December 2018, both Class I and Class A units were in issue.

The Sub-Fund mainly invests in debt securities instruments including (but not limited to) long-term bonds, medium-term notes, bills, convertible bonds, contingent convertible bonds, subordinated debt, Dim Sum bonds, asset-backed debt securities, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed commercial paper, certificate of deposits and commercial papers. The Sub-Fund will primarily invest at least 70% of its net asset value in USD denominated debt securities instruments. The Sub-Fund may invest less than 30% of its net asset value in other debt securities instruments which are denominated in non-USD currencies.

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to seek to provide investors with a stable and consistent investment return over medium to long term by investing primarily in US Dollar denominated debt securities instruments.

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions specified in Appendix E to the SFC Code.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") that have been measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in US Dollar ("US\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest US\$ except where otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting principles adopted in the current year are consistent with those of the prior year; except that the Sub-Fund has adopted the following new revised accounting standard:

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The nature and the impact of the amendments are described below:

#### **HKFRS** 9 Financial Instruments

The Sub-Fund adopted HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* on its effective date of 1 January 2018. HKFRS 9 replaces HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. HKFRS 9 is not applicable to items that have already been derecognised at 1 January 2018, the date of initial application.

#### (a) Classification and measurement

The Sub-Fund has assessed the classification of financial instruments as at the date of initial application and has applied such classification retrospectively. Based on that assessment:

- All financial assets previously held at fair value continue to be measured at fair value.
- Financial assets previously classified as loans and receivables are held to collect contractual cash flows and give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest. Thus, such instruments continue to be measured at amortised cost under HKFRS 9.
- The classification of financial liabilities under HKFRS 9 remains broadly the same as under HKAS 39. The main impact on measurement from the classification of liabilities under HKFRS 9 relates to the element of gains or losses for financial liabilities designated as at FVPL attributable to changes in credit risk. HKFRS 9 requires that such element be recognised in other comprehensive income, unless this treatment creates or enlarges an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case, all gains and losses on that liability (including the effects of changes in credit risk) should be presented in profit or loss. The Sub-Fund does not have any designated financial liabilities at FVPL, and therefore this requirement has no impact on the financial position and financial performance of the Sub-Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

### (b) Impairment

HKFRS 9 requires the Sub-Fund to record expected credit losses (ECLs) on all of its debt securities, loans and trade receivables, either on a 12-month or lifetime basis. Given the limited exposure of the Sub-Fund to credit risk, this amendment has not had a material impact on the financial statements. The Sub-Fund only holds short-term receivables with no financing component and that have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost. Therefore, it has adopted an approach similar to the simplified approach to ECLs.

### (c) Hedge accounting

The Sub-Fund has not applied hedge accounting under HKAS 39 nor will it apply hedge accounting under HKFRS 9.

### Impact of adoption of HKFRS 9

The classification and measurement requirements of HKFRS 9 have been adopted retrospectively as of the date of initial application on 1 January 2018. However, the Sub-Fund has chosen to take advantage of the option not to restate comparatives. Therefore, the 2017 figures are presented and measured under HKAS 39. The following table shows the original measurement categories in accordance with HKAS 39 and the new measurement categories under HKFRS 9 for the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 January 2018:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

### <u>HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments</u> (continued) *Impact of adoption of HKFRS 9* (continued)

		HKAS 39		HKFRS 9
	HKAS 39	measurement	HKFRS 9	measurement
1 January 2018	classification	US\$	classification	US\$
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Held for trading at FVPL	6,663,090	FVPL	6,663,090
Due from the Manager	Loans and receivables	1,891	Amortised cost	1,891
Interest receivables	Loans and receivables	85,450	Amortised cost	85,450
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	1,684,634	Amortised cost	1,684,634
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	Other financial liabilities	3,573	Amortised cost	3,573
Trustee fee payable	Other financial liabilities	1,056	Amortised cost	1,056
Redemption proceeds payable	Other financial liabilities	1,097,804	Amortised cost	1,097,804
Other payables and accruals	Other financial liabilities	120	Amortised cost	120

In line with the characteristics of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments as well as its approach to their management, the Sub-Fund neither revoked nor made any new designations on the date of initial application. HKFRS 9 has not resulted in changes in the carrying amount of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments due to changes in measurement categories. All financial assets that were classified as FVPL under HKFRS 9. All financial assets that were classified as loans and receivables and measured at amortised cost continue to be.

In addition, the application of the ECL mode under HKFRS 9 has not significantly changed the carrying amounts of the Sub-Fund's amortised cost financial assets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Impact of adoption of HKFRS 9 (continued)

The carrying amounts of amortised cost instruments continued to approximate these instruments' fair values on the date of transition after transitioning to HKFRS 9.

#### 2.3 NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs NOT YET ADOPTED

The Sub-Fund has not early applied any of the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the accounting year ended 31 December 2018, in these financial statements. Among the new and revised HKFRSs, the following are expected to be relevant to the Sub-Fund's financial statements upon becoming effective:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Definition of Material<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users. The Sub-Fund expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 January 2020. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Sub-Fund's financial statements.

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Financial instruments

In the current period, the Sub-Fund has adopted HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. See note 2.2 to the financial statements for an explanation of the impact. Comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2017 have not been restated. Therefore, financial instruments in the comparative period are still accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

### (i)(a) Classification - Policy effective from 1 January 2018 (HKFRS 9)

In accordance with HKFRS 9, the Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

(a) It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term; or

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

### (i)(a) Classification - Policy effective from 1 January 2018 (HKFRS 9) (continued)

- (b) On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (c) It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument)

#### Financial assets

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Sub-Fund includes in this short-term non-financing receivables including cash and cash equivalents, interest receivables and amount due from the Manager.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (a) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding; or
- (b) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (c) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Sub-Fund includes in this category:

• Instruments held for trading. This category includes debt securities which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

## (i)(a) Classification - Policy effective from 1 January 2018 (HKFRS 9) (continued) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities. The Sub-Fund includes in this category management fee payable, trustee fee payable, redemption proceeds payable and other payables and accruals.

### (i)(b) Classification - Policy effective before 1 January 2018 (HKAS 39)

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and liabilities into the categories below in accordance with HKAS 39.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Sub-Fund classifies all of its debt securities as financial assets held for trading.

Financial assets held for trading: financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling and/or repurchasing in the near term. These assets are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Sub-Fund includes in this category amounts relating to cash and cash equivalent, interest receivables on debt securities and amount due from the Manager.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Sub-Fund includes in this category amounts relating to management fee payable, trustee fee payable, redemption proceeds payable, distribution payable to unitholders and other short-term payables.

# (ii) Recognition (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018 and HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018)

The Sub-Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when, and only when, it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Sub-Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

# (iii) Initial measurement (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018 and HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables and financial liabilities (other than those classified as held for trading) are measured initially at their fair value plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

# (iv) Subsequent measurement (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018 and HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018)

After initial measurement, the Sub-Fund measures financial instruments which are classified as fair value through profit or loss at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss". Interest earned of such instruments is recorded separately in "Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss".

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, as well as through the amortisation process.

The effective interest is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Sub-Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments, but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

# (v) Derecognition (policies under HKFRS 9 applicable from 1 January 2018 and HKAS 39 applicable before 1 January 2018)

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Sub-Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass through arrangement; and either (a) the Sub-Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Sub-Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Sub-Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Sub-Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Sub-Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Sub-Fund has retained.

The Sub-Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

#### Fair value measurement

The Sub-Fund measures financial instruments, such as, debt securities at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability the principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Sub-Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price, without any deduction for transaction costs. Securities defined in these accounts as 'listed' are traded in an active market.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using the last traded price or valuation techniques deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances. Valuation techniques include the market approach and income approach.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Policy effective from 1 January 2018 (HKFRS 9)

The Sub-Fund holds only short-term receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for expected credit losses (ECL) under HKFRS 9 to all its short-term receivables. Therefore, the Sub-Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead, recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Sub-Fund's approach to ECLs reflects a probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Sub-Fund uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measuring ECLs on trade receivables, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. Receivables are grouped based on their nature. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

#### Policy effective before 1 January 2018 (HKAS 39)

The Sub-Fund assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets classified as loans and receivables is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtor, or a group of debtors, is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and, where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Policy effective before 1 January 2018 (HKAS 39) (continued)

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred) discounted using the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Impaired debts, together with the associated allowance, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Sub-Fund. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a previous write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

Interest income on impaired financial assets is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term deposits in banks, with original maturities of three months or less.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and bank balances as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts when applicable.

#### Foreign currency

These financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the Sub-Fund are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or transaction of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses on financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are included in profit or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as part of the 'net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Functional currency

The Sub-Fund's functional currency is US\$, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The Sub-Fund's performance is evaluated and its liquidity is managed in US\$. Therefore, the US\$ is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The Sub-Fund's presentation currency is also US\$.

#### Net assets attributable to unitholders

The Sub-Fund issues redeemable units, namely Class A units and Class I units, which are redeemable at the unitholder's option and are classified as financial liabilities.

The unitholders can redeem the units during the Hong Kong business days of each calendar month or such other day or days determined by the Manager and Trustee may agree from time to time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Sub-Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders of the relevant classes.

Redeemable units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders by the number of units in issue.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss for all interest-bearing financial instruments using the effective interest method.

#### Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This item includes changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading and excludes interest income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised in the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as "fair value through profit or loss" are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's average cost and disposal amount.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund; or
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

#### Taxes

The Sub-Fund is exempted from all forms of taxation in Hong Kong, including income, capital gains and withholding taxes. However, in some jurisdiction, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Sub-Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in profit or loss. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

#### Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Sub-Fund's unitholders is included in profit or loss as the "finance costs". A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Manager of the Sub-Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Sub-Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

#### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Going concern

The Sub-Fund's management has made an assessment of the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Sub-Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

#### **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Sub-Fund based its estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Sub-Fund. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as yield curve, credit risk (both own and counterparty's), correlation and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments in the statement of financial position and the level where the instruments are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy.

The models are tested for validity by calibrating to prices from any observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification or repackaging) when available. To assess the significance of a particular input to the entire measurement, the Sub-Fund performs sensitivity analysis or stress testing techniques.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 December 2018

# 4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and the Manager and their connected persons. Connected persons of the Manager are those as defined in the SFC Code. All transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund, the Manager and their connected persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other transactions with connected persons except for those disclosed below:

#### Holdings of the Sub-Fund

The Sub-Fund allows the Manager, its connected persons and other funds managed by the Manager to subscribe for, and redeem, units in the Sub-Fund.

The holdings of Class I and Class A in the Sub-Fund by the Manager as at 31 December 2018 ad 31 December 2017 were as follows:

At 31 December 2018	Units outstanding at 31 December 2017	Units subscribed during the year	Units redeemed during the year	Units outstanding at 31 December 2018
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (USD)	5,268,826.549			5,268,826.549
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (HKD)	1,002,582.550			1,002,582.550
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (RMB)	906.818			906.818
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (USD)	71,473.054			71,473.054
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (HKD)	1,014.484			1,014.484
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (RMB)	906.827			906.827

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31 December 2018

# 4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

### Holdings of the Sub-Fund (continued)

At 31 December 2017	Units at the inception of the Sub-Fund	Units subscribed during the period	Units redeemed during the period	Units outstanding at 31 December 2017
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (USD)		5,268,826.549		5,268,826.549
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (HKD)		1,002,582.550		1,002,582.550
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class I (RMB)		906.818		906.818
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (USD)		71,473.054		71,473.054
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (HKD)	<del>-</del>	1,014.484		1,014.484
CUAM Select US Dollar Bond Fund – Class A (RMB)		906.827		906.827

### Investment handling fee

The Sub-Fund pays investment handling fee of US\$15 per transaction to the Trustee. For the year ended 31 December 2018, no investment handling fee was charged to the Sub-Fund as this was borne by the Manager (2017: Nil).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 December 2018

# 4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### **Brokerage commission**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited and BOCI Securities Limited, an affiliate of the Trustee, rendered brokerage services for the Sub-Fund's purchases and sales of securities. The transaction details were as follows:

#### Year ended 31 December 2018

	Aggregate value of purchases and sales of securities US\$	Total commission paid US\$	% of Sub- Fund's total transactions during the year	Average commission rate (%)
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited	194,685	-	1.33%	-
For the period from 27 March 2017 (date of inception) to 31 December 2017				
	A ~~~~~~~1	То4о1	% of Sub-	
	Aggregate value of purchases and	Total commission	Fund's total transactions	Average
	sales of securities	paid	during the	commission
	US\$	US\$	period	rate (%)
Bank of China (Hong				
Kong) Limited	215,110	-	2.53%	-

#### Bank deposits and investments held by the Trustee's affiliates

The Sub-Fund's investments were held by the Trustee's affiliate, Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited. As at 31 December 2018, bank balances including time deposits of the Sub-Fund held by the Trustee's affiliate were US\$1,188,705 (2017: US\$383,000) and the interest income on these bank balances for the year was US\$395 (2017: US\$2,784).

2.37%

201,354

#### Management fee

BOCI Securities Limited

The Manager is entitled to receive, on an annual basis, a management fee from the Sub-Fund, at a rate of 0.75% for Class A units and 0.5% for Class I units per annum (up to maximum of 3% per annum in total by giving not less than one month's prior notice to the unitholders) with respect to the net assets attributable to unitholders of each class of the Sub-Fund calculated and accrued on each dealing day and are paid monthly in arrears.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

# 4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### Trustee fee

The Trustee is entitled to receive, on an annual basis, a trustee fee from the Sub-Fund, at the current rate of 0.15% per annum (up to maximum of 0.5% per annum by giving not less than one month's prior notice to the unitholders) of the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Sub-Fund calculated, subject to a minimum monthly fee of US\$5,000, and accrued on each dealing day and is paid monthly in arrears. The minimum fee was waived for the first year of the initial launch of the Sub-Fund. 50% discount on minimum monthly fee is applied from 28 March 2018 to 31 March 2019.

#### Custodian fee

The Custodian is entitled to receive, on an annual basis, custodian fees from the Sub-Fund, at a rate up to 0.1% per annum of the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Sub-Fund calculated and is paid monthly in arrears. As at 31 December 2018, no fees were payable to the Custodian (2017: Nil).

### Certain charges, fees and expenses borne by the Manager

Pursuant to the explanatory memorandum of the Sub-Fund dated December 2018, certain charges, fees and expenses which are attributable to the Sub-Fund are borne by the Manager at its discretion starting from 27 March 2017 (date of inception) until a future date as notified by the Manager. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Manager bore and paid a total sum of US\$23,523 for the Sub-Fund (2017: US\$52,361).

Included in the above total sum is trustee fee amounted to US\$16,561 (2017: Nil), which has been recharged to the Manager, was recognised as other income in profit or loss.

As at 31 December 2018, the Sub-Fund has an amount due from the Manager of US\$21,734 (2017: US\$1,891) related to certain charges, fees and expenses borne by the Manager. The balance with the Manager is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 5. INCOME TAX

#### Hong Kong

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund is authorised by the SFC as a collective investment scheme pursuant to Section 104 of the SFC to offering to the retail public in Hong Kong. It is exempted from Hong Kong profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

#### 6. DISTRIBUTION

No distribution has been made during the year ended 31 December 2018.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31 December 2018

### 6. DISTRIBUTION (continued)

	,			
			2017 US\$	
	2017 interim distribution (Class A HKD: HK\$0.075 per unit, Class A RMB: RMB0.073 per unit, Class A USD: US\$0.0075 per unit, Class I HKD: HK\$0.075 per unit, Class I RMB: RMB0.073 per unit, Class I USD: US\$0.0075 per unit) distributed on 15 September 2017 2017 final distribution (Class A HKD: HK\$0.070 per unit, Class A USD: US\$0.003 per unit, Class I HKD: HK\$0.090 per unit,			
	Class I USD: US\$0.005 per unit) distributed on 15 December 2017			
	Total distribution during the period			
7.	7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS			
		2018 US\$	2017 US\$	
	Quoted debt securities	5,592,270	6,663,090	
	Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,592,270	6,663,090	
	Net loss recognised in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:  Realised loss	( 218,720)	( 23,985)	
	Net change in unrealised gains or losses	( 113,992)	( 49,070)	
	Net loss	( 332,712)	( 73,055)	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table shows an analysis of the Sub-Fund's financial assets measured at fair value at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017:

At 31 December 2018	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) US\$	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) US\$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) US\$	Total US\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:  Quoted debt securities	<del>-</del>	5,592,270		5,592,270
At 31 December 2017	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) US\$	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) US\$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) US\$	Total US\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading: Quoted debt securities		6,663,090		6,663,090

During the year ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, there are no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

### Valuation techniques

Quoted debt securities

The Sub-Fund invests in corporate bonds. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. In the absence of a quoted price in an active market, they are valued using observable inputs such as recently executed transaction prices in securities of the issuers or comparable issuers and yield curves. Adjustments are made to valuation when necessary to recognise differences in the instrument terms. To the extent that the significant inputs are observable, the Sub-Fund categorises these investments as Level 2.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 December 2018

### 9. CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS

CASITAND CASITEQUIVALENTS	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Cash and bank balance Time deposits	1,188,705	229,472 1,455,162
	1,188,705	1,684,634

The bank balance is the cash at banks held with the Custodian of the Sub-Fund that was placed into accounts bearing floating interest.

Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Sub-Fund, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

#### 10. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

The following is the subscription/(redemption) of units of the Sub-Fund during the year ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017:

	Number of Class I (USD) units	Number of Class I (HKD) units	Number of Class I (RMB) units	Number of Class A (USD) units	Number of Class A (HKD) units	Number of Class A (RMB) units
At 27 March 2017 (date of inception)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subscription of units Redemption of units	6,366,630.940 _(1,097,804.391)	1,407,477.748	906.818	71,473.054	144,160.861	906.827
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018	5,268,826.549	1,407,477.748	906.818	71,473.054	144,160.861	906.827
Subscription of units Redemption of units	<u> </u>	( 404,895.198)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	79,247.328	- 
At 31 December 2018	_5,268,826.549		906.818	71,473.054	223,408.189	906.827

Unitholders of the Sub-Fund who wish to redeem their redeemable participating units may do so on any dealing day, i.e. every Hong Kong business day of the calendar year, by submitting a realisation request to the Manager or authorised distributors before the dealing deadline, i.e. 4:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) on the relevant dealing day. Unless otherwise stated in the explanatory memorandum of the Sub-Fund, realisation requests received after the dealing deadline will be carried forward and dealt with on the next dealing day.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 10. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE (continued)

The Manager may suspend the redemption or conversions of redeemable participating units or delay the payment of redemption proceeds during any periods in which the determination of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund is suspended under certain conditions as set out in the explanatory memorandum of the Sub-Fund.

With a view to protecting the interests of unitholders, the Manager is entitled, with the approval of the Trustee, to limit the number of units of any Sub-Fund redeemed on any dealing day to 10% of the total number of units of the relevant Sub-Fund in issue. In this event, the limitation will apply pro rata so that all unitholders of the Sub-Fund who have validly requested to redeem units of the Sub-Fund on that dealing day will redeem the same proportion of such units of the Sub-Fund provided that any holdings so requested to be realised being in aggregate of not more than 1% of the total number of units of any Sub-Fund in issue may be realised in full if in the opinion of the Manager with the Trustee's approval the application of such limitation would be unduly onerous or unfair to the unitholder or unitholders concerned. Any units not realised (but which would otherwise have been realised) will be carried forward for realisation, subject to the same limitation, and will have priority on the next succeeding dealing day and all following dealing days (in relation to which the Manager has the same power) until the original request has been satisfied in full.

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### Risk management

Risk is inherent in the Sub-Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring. The Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. In perspective of risk management, the Sub-Fund's objective is to create and protect value for unitholders.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to market risk (which includes interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and counterparty risk and liquidity risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from uncertainty concerning movements in market prices and rates, including observable variables such as interest rates, credit spreads, exchange rates, and others that may be only indirectly observable such as volatilities and correlations. Market risk includes such factors as changes in economic environment, consumption pattern and investors' expectation etc. which may have significant impact on the value of the investments. Market movement may therefore result in substantial fluctuation in the net assets attributable to unitholders per unit of the Sub-Fund.

The maximum credit risk resulting from financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts.

The Sub-Fund assumes market risk in trading activities. The Sub-Fund distinguishes market risk as follows:

- Interest rate risk
- Foreign exchange risk

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

<u>Risk management</u> (continued) *Market risk* (continued)

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial instruments and future cash flow.

As the Sub-Fund has invested in fixed income securities whose values are driven significantly by changes in interest rates, the Sub-Fund is subject to interest rate risk. When interest rates rise, the value of previously acquired fixed income securities will normally fall because new debt securities acquired will pay a higher rate of interest. In contrast, if interest rates fall, then the value of the previously acquired debt securities will normally rise. The Manager regularly assesses the economic condition, monitor changes in interest rates outlook and takes appropriate measures accordingly to control the impact of interest rate risk.

The majority of interest rate exposure arises on investments in debt securities. All of the Sub-Fund's investments in debt securities carry fixed interest rates and the average duration of the fixed income portion is around 2.23 (2017: 2.14). The Manager considers the movement in interest rates will have insignificant impact on the interest income.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Sub-Fund's profit or loss for the period to a reasonable possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant.

The sensitivity of both the net assets attributable to unitholders and the change in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on changes in fair value of investments for the year, based on revaluing fixed rate financial assets at the end of the reporting year. In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis below and the difference could be significant.

1 4 2	1 D	1 2010	0
As at 5	i Decei	mber 2018	Ŏ.

Tis de 31 Becomber 2010	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss US\$	Change in basis points	Sensitivity of changes in fair value of investments increase/(decrease) US\$
Quoted debt securities	5,592,270	+/-50	-/+60,000

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

<u>Risk management</u> (continued) *Market risk* (continued)

<u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued) As at 31 December 2017

As at 31 December 2017			
	Financial		Sensitivity of
	assets at fair	Change in	changes in fair value
	value through	basis	of investments
	profit or loss	points	increase/(decrease)
	US\$		US\$
		. =0	. =
Quoted debt securities	6,663,090	+/-50	-/+70,000

### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Sub-Fund holds assets and liabilities predominately denominated in US\$, the functional currency of the Sub-Fund. Other transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"). The Manager considers the Sub-Fund is not exposed to significant currency risk and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Sub-Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Sub-Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Sub-Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its redeemable units on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of redemption, calculated in accordance with the Sub-Fund's Trust Deed. It is the Sub-Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Sub-Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Risk management (continued)

*Liquidity risk* (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows in order to provide a complete view of the Sub-Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

#### Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Sub-Fund can be required to pay.

#### Financial assets

Analysis of debt securities at fair value through profit or loss into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

A + 21	December	201	Q
ALDI	December	201	O

	Less than 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	Others * US\$	Total US\$
				2.24
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or loss	5,592,270	-	-	5,592,270
Interest receivables	91,779	16,863	-	108,642
Due from the Manager	21,734	-	-	21,734
Cash and cash equivalents	1,188,705			1,188,705
Total financial assets	6,894,488	16,863	-	6,911,351
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	2,990	-	-	2,990
Trustee fee payable	2,500	-	-	2,500
Other payables and accruals	60	-	-	60
Net assets attributable to unitholders*	-	-	6,906,615	6,906,615
-				
Total financial liabilities	5,550	-	6,906,615	6,912,165

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

### <u>Risk management</u> (continued) *Liquidity risk* (continued)

Tit 31 December 2017	At 31	December 2017
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At 31 December 2017	Less than 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	Others * US\$	Total US\$
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or loss	6,663,090	-	-	6,663,090
Due from the Manager	1,891	-	-	1,891
Interest receivables	67,767	17,683	-	85,450
Cash and cash equivalents	1,684,634			1,684,634
Total financial assets	8,417,382	17,683		8,435,065
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	3,573	-	_	3,573
Trustee fee payable	1,056	-	_	1,056
Other payables and accruals	120	-	_	120
Redemption proceeds payable	1,097,804	-	_	1,097,804
Net assets attributable to unitholders*	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	7,332,752	7,332,752
Total financial liabilities	1,102,553		7,332,752	8,435,305

<sup>\*</sup> As detailed in the explanatory memorandum of the Sub-Fund, the redeemable participating units might be subject to redemption restrictions.

#### Credit and counterparty risk

The Sub-Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

If the issuer of any of the fixed income securities in which the Sub-Fund's assets are invested in defaults, the performance of the Sub-Fund will be adversely affected.

The Sub-Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of fixed income securities, the selection of which is based upon fundamental research analysis, to mitigate this risk. The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities issued by issuers with a suitable credit rating, and contractual commitment activity with broker-dealers and financial institutions with high credit ratings that the Sub-Fund considers to be well established.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

Credit and counterparty risk (continued)

The Sub-Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of total assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

The Manager considers that none of these assets are impaired nor past due as at 31 December 2018 (2017; Nil).

Credit risk disclosures are segmented into two sections based on whether the underlying financial instrument is subject to HKFRS 9's impairment disclosure or not.

#### Financial assets subject to HKFRS 9's impairment requirements

The Sub-Fund's financial assets subject to the expected credit loss model within HKFRS 9 are only cash and cash equivalents, interest receivables and amount due from the Manager. As at 31 December 2018, the total of cash and cash equivalents, interest receivables and amount due from the Manager was US\$1,319,081 on which no loss allowance had been provided. There is not considered to be any concentration of credit risk within these assets. No assets are considered impaired and no amounts have been written off in the period.

In calculating the loss allowance, a provision matrix has been used based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables adjusted for forward-looking estimates. Items have been grouped by their nature into the following categories: cash and cash equivalents, interest receivables and amount due from the Manager. All the Sub-Fund's cash and cash equivalents are held in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, which the Manager believes are of high credit quality. The Manager considers the Sub-Fund is not exposed to significant credit risk and no loss allowance has been made.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31 December 2018

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Sub-Fund's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

Credit and counterparty risk (continued)

#### Financial assets subject to HKFRS 9's impairment requirements (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31 December 2018 (continued)

	12-month expected credit losses	Life expe <u>credit</u>		g: ug i	
	Stage 1 US\$	Stage 2 US\$	Stage 3 US\$	Simplified approach US\$	Total US\$
Financial asset					
Cash and cash equivalents					
- Not yet past due	1,188,705	-	-	-	1,188,705
Interest receivables					
<ul> <li>Not yet past due</li> </ul>	108,642	-	-	-	108,642
Due from the Manager					
- Not yet past due	21,734	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>		21,734
Total	1,319,081		<u>-</u>		1,319,081

#### Maximum exposure as at 31 December 2017

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, interest receivables and amount due from the Manager represent the Sub-Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. All the Sub-Fund's cash and cash equivalents are held in major financial institution, which the Manager believes are of high credit quality. The Manager consider that the Sub-Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk.

#### Financial assets not subject to HKFRS 9's impairment requirements

The Sub-Fund is exposed to credit risk on debt instruments. This class of financial assets is not subject to HKFRS 9's impairment requirements as this is measured at FVPL. The carrying value of this asset, under both HKAS 39 (2017) and HKFRS 9 impairment requirements on the respective reporting dates. Hence, no separate maximum exposure to credit risk disclosure is provided for this instrument.

#### Capital management

The Sub-Fund's objectives for managing capital are to invest the capital in investments in order to achieve its investment objective while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Sub-Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

#### 12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager and its connected persons have not received any soft dollar commissions or entered into any soft dollar arrangements in respect of the management of the Sub-Fund for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: Nil).

### 13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

During the period between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Sub-Fund has a total subsequent subscription of US\$149,314, HK\$700,135 and RMB227 respectively.

#### 14. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustee and the Manager on 26 April 2019.

# UNAUDITED INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Listed/quoted debt securities	Holding/ Nominal value	Fair value US\$	% of net assets
British Virgin Islands			
Denominated in US\$ COSCO PACIFIC FINANCE 2013 CO LTD			
4.375% S/A 31JAN2023	400,000	397,968	5.75
FRANSHION BRILLIANT LTD 4.875%	400,000	397,900	3.73
S/A PERP	200,000	165,486	2.40
FRANSHION BRILLIANT LTD 5.75% S/A		,	
PERP	200,000	181,690	2.63
WISDOM GLORY GROUP LTD 5.25%			
S/A PERP	200,000	193,114	2.80
Common Islanda			
Cayman Islands Denominated in US\$			
AGILE GROUP HLDGS LTD 10.215% S/A			
PERP	200,000	195,344	2.83
AGILE GROUP HLDGS LTD 9% S/A	,	,	
21MAY2020	200,000	205,864	2.98
CENTRAL CHINA REAL ESTATE LTD			
6.75% S/A 08NOV2021	400,000	379,988	5.50
CHINA AOYUAN PROPERTY GROUP	200,000	177.040	0.57
LTD 5.375% S/A 13SEP2022 CHINA AOYUAN PROPERTY GROUP	200,000	177,842	2.57
LTD 7.5% S/A 10MAY2021	200,000	196,830	2.85
CIFI HLDGS GROUP CO LTD 5.5% S/A	200,000	170,030	2.03
23JAN2022	400,000	364,216	5.27
COUNTRY GARDEN HLDGS CO LTD	,	<b>,</b> -	
4.75% S/A 28SEP2023	200,000	174,696	2.53
COUNTRY GARDEN HLDGS CO LTD			
5.625% S/A 15DEC2026	200,000	189,660	2.75
GREENTOWN CHINA HLDGS LTD	200,000	100.546	2.00
5.875% S/A 11AUG2020 KWG GROUP HLDGS LTD 8.975% S/A	200,000	199,546	2.89
14JAN2019 REGS	400,000	401,072	5.81
LOGAN PROPERTY HLDGS CO LTD	400,000	401,072	5.61
5.25% S/A 23FEB2023	200,000	172,900	2.50
LOGAN PROPERTY HLDGS CO LTD	•	•	
5.75% S/A 03JAN2022	200,000	184,058	2.66
MELCO RESORTS FINANCE LTD 4.875%			
S/A 06JUN2025 REGS	200,000	183,510	2.66
POWERLONG REAL ESTATE HLDGS	200.000	172 500	2.51
LTD 4.875% S/A 15SEP2021 SHIMAO PROPERTY HLDGS LTD	200,000	173,500	2.51
8.375% S/A 10FEB2022	200,000	207,734	3.01
SISTS /V D/II IVI LIDEVAL	200,000	201,134	3.01

# UNAUDITED INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

	Holding/ Nominal value	Fair value US\$	% of net assets
Listed/quoted debt securities(continued)			
Cayman Islands(continued) TIMES CHINA HLDGS LTD 5.75% S/A 26APR2022	200,000	178,638	2.59
TIMES CHINA HLDGS LTD 6.6% S/A 02MAR2023 YUZHOU PROPERTIES CO LTD 5.375%	200,000	175,818	2.55
S/A PERP	400,000	328,492	4.76
China Denominated in US\$ SUNSHINE LIFE INSURANCE CORP LTD 4.5% S/A 20APR2026	200,000	165,760	2.40
Hong Kong Denominated in US\$ CNAC HK FINBRIDGE CO LTD 4.875% S/A 14MAR2025 YANLORD LAND HK CO LTD 5.875%	200,000	202,084	2.93
S/A 23JAN2022	200,000	196,460	2.84
TOTAL INVESTMENTS, AT FAIR VALUE		5,592,270	80.97
TOTAL INVESTMENTS, AT COST		5,755,332	
TOTAL NET ASSETS			
Total debt securities		5,592,270	80.97
Cash and cash equivalents Other net assets		1,188,705 125,640	17.21 1.82
Total net assets		6,906,615	100.00

## UNAUDITED MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

	Movement			
	At 1 January 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 December 2018
LISTED/QUOTED DEBT SECURITIES				
British Virgin Islands				
Denominated in US\$				
BEIJING CAPITAL POLARIS				
INVESTMENT CO LTD 2.875% S/A				
01APR2018	-	200,000	(200,000)	-
CHINA CINDA FINANCE 2014 LTD				
5.625% S/A 14MAY2024 REGS	-	200,000	(200,000)	-
CHINA CINDA FINANCE 2015 I LTD				
3.125% S/A 23APR2020 REGS	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
CHINA GREAT WALL INTL HLDGS III				
LTD 2.625% S/A 27OCT2021	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
CITICS SECURITIES FINANCE MTN CO				
LTD 3.25% S/A 20APR2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
CMHI FINANCE BVI CO LTD 4.375%				
S/A 06AUG2023	-	200,000	(200,000)	-
CNOOC FIN 4.25% S/A 26JAN2021 REGS	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
COSCO PACIFIC FINANCE 2013 CO				
LTD 4.375% S/A 31JAN2023	200,000	400,000	(200,000)	400,000
CSI FINANCIAL PRODUCTS LTD 3M				
L+0.5% Q 22SEP2018	-	200,000	(200,000)	-
FRANSHION BRILLIANT LTD 4.875%				
S/A PERP	-	200,000	-	200,000
FRANSHION BRILLIANT LTD 5.75%				
S/A 19MAR2019	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
FRANSHION BRILLIANT LTD 5.75%				
S/A PERP	-	200,000	-	200,000
HAITONG INTL FINANCE 2015 LTD	• • • • • • •		(=======	
4.2% S/A 29JUL2020	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
POLY REAL ESTATE FINANCE LTD	• • • • • • • •		(200,000)	
5.25% S/A 25APR2019	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
SINOCHEM OFFSHORE CAPITAL CO	• • • • • • • •		(200,000)	
LTD 3.124% S/A 24MAY2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
SINOPEC GROUP OVERSEAS				
DEVELOPMENT 2013 LTD 2.5% S/A	200,000		(200,000)	
17OCT2018 REGS	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
STATE GRID OVERSEAS INVESTMENT				
2013 LTD 3.125% S/A 22MAY2023	200,000		(200,000)	
REGS	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
WISDOM GLORY GROUP LTD 5.25%		200,000		200.000
S/A PERP	-	200,000	-	200,000

# UNAUDITED MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

	Movement				
	At 1 January 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 December 2018	
LISTED/QUOTED DEBT SECURITIES (continued)					
British Virgin Islands (continued)					
ZHONGRONG INTL BOND 2016 LTD					
6.95% S/A 21JUN2019	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
Cayman Island					
Denominated in US\$					
AGILE GROUP HLDGS LTD 10.215% S/A		200.000		200.000	
PERP	-	200,000	-	200,000	
AGILE GROUP HLDGS LTD 9% S/A	200,000			200,000	
21MAY2020 AZURE NOVA INTL FINANACE LTD	200,000	-	-	200,000	
4.25% S/A 21MAR2027	200,000		(200,000)		
CAR INC 6.125% S/A 04FEB2020 REGS	· ·	-		_	
CENTRAL CHINA REAL ESTATE LTD	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
6.5% S/A 04JUN2018	200,000	-	(200,000)	_	
CENTRAL CHINA REAL ESTATE LTD			, ,		
6.75% S/A 08NOV2021	-	400,000	-	400,000	
CHINA AOYUAN PROPERTY GROUP					
LTD 5.375% S/A 13SEP2022	-	200,000	-	200,000	
CHINA AOYUAN PROPERTY GROUP					
LTD 7.5% S/A 10MAY2021	-	200,000	-	200,000	
CHINA STATE CONSTRUCTION					
FINANCE CAYMAN II LTD 3.375%		200,000	(200,000)		
S/A 29NOV2022 CIFI HLDGS GROUP CO LTD 5.5% S/A	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
23JAN2022	200,000	200,000	_	400,000	
COUNTRY GARDEN HLDGS CO LTD	200,000	200,000	_	400,000	
4.75% S/A 28SEP2023	200,000	200,000	(200,000)	200,000	
COUNTRY GARDEN HLDGS CO LTD	200,000	200,000	(200,000)	200,000	
5.625% S/A 15DEC2026	_	200,000	_	200,000	
GREENTOWN CHINA HLDGS LTD		·			
5.875% S/A 11AUG2020	200,000	-	-	200,000	
KWG GROUP HLDGS LTD 5.875% S/A					
10NOV2024	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
KWG GROUP HLDGS LTD 8.975% S/A		• • • • • • •		400.000	
14JAN2019 REGS	200,000	200,000	-	400,000	
LOGAN PROPERTY HLDGS CO LTD		200.000	(200,000)		
5.125% S/A 02NOV2018	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
LOGAN PROPERTY HLDGS CO LTD 5.25% S/A 23FEB2023		400,000	(200,000)	200,000	
5.4570 B/FX 25FED2U25	-	400,000	(200,000)	200,000	

# UNAUDITED MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

	Movement				
	At 1 January 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 December 2018	
LISTED/QUOTED DEBT SECURITIES (continued)	2020	1100110110	215 <b>P</b> 05 <b>41</b> 5	_010	
Cayman Island(continued)					
LOGAN PROPERTY HLDGS CO LTD					
5.75% S/A 03JAN2022	-	200,000	-	200,000	
LONGFOR PROPERTIES CO LTD 4.5%					
S/A 16JAN2028	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
LONGFOR PROPERTIES CO LTD 6.75%					
S/A 29JAN2023 (CALLED)	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
MELCO RESORTS FINANCE LTD					
4.875% S/A 06JUN2025 REGS	200,000	-	-	200,000	
POWERLONG REAL ESTATE HLDGS		200.000		200,000	
LTD 4.875% S/A 15SEP2021	-	200,000	-	200,000	
POWERLONG REAL ESTATE HLDGS LTD 7.625% S/A 26NOV2018	200,000		(200,000)		
SHIMAO PROPERTY HLDGS LTD 4.75%	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
S/A 03JUL2022		200,000	(200,000)		
SHIMAO PROPERTY HLDGS LTD	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
8.125% S/A 22JAN2021 (CALLED)	200,000	_	(200,000)	_	
SHIMAO PROPERTY HLDGS LTD	200,000		(200,000)		
8.375% S/A 10FEB2022	_	200,000	_	200,000	
TIMES CHINA HLDGS LTD 5.75% S/A		200,000		200,000	
26APR2022	200,000	-	-	200,000	
TIMES CHINA HLDGS LTD 6.6% S/A	•			,	
02MAR2023	-	400,000	(200,000)	200,000	
YUZHOU PROPERTIES CO LTD 5.375%					
S/A PERP	-	600,000	(200,000)	400,000	
China					
Denominated in US\$					
SUNSHINE LIFE INSURANCE CORP					
LTD 4.5% S/A 20APR2026	-	200,000	-	200,000	
TAIKANG INSURANCE GROUP INC					
3.5% S/A 19JAN2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
UNION LIFE INSURANCE CO LTD 3%					
S/A 19SEP2021	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	

# UNAUDITED MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

_	Movement				
LISTED/QUOTED DEBT SECURITIES	At 1 January 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 December 2018	
(continued)					
Hong Kong					
Denominated in US\$					
BAO-TRANS ENTERPRISES LTD 3.75%					
S/A 12DEC2018 REGS	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
CCBL CAYMAN 1 CORP LTD 2.375%	200.000		(200,000)		
S/A 31MAY2019	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
CHONG HING BANK 3.876% S/A 26JUL2027		200,000	(200,000)		
CITIC LTD 3.125% S/A 28FEB2022	200.000	200,000		-	
CNAC HK FINBRIDGE CO LTD 4.875%	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
S/A 14MAR2025		200,000		200,000	
FAR EAST HORIZON LTD 4.375% S/A	-	200,000	-	200,000	
27FEB2023	_	200,000	(200,000)	_	
HONG KONG RED STAR MACALLINE		200,000	(200,000)		
UNIVERSAL HOME FURNISHINGS					
LTD 3.375% S/A 21SEP2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
ICBCIL FINANCE CO LTD 3.375% S/A					
05APR2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	
WING LUNG BANK LTD 3.75% S/A					
22NOV2027	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
YANLORD LAND HK CO LTD 5.875%		200,000		200,000	
S/A 23JAN2022 YANLORD LAND HK CO LTD 6.75%	-	200,000	-	200,000	
S/A 23APR2023	_	200,000	(200,000)	_	
5/A 25AI K2025	_	200,000	(200,000)	_	
Singapore					
Denominated in US\$					
COSL SINGAPORE CAPITAL LTD 4.5%					
S/A 30JUL2025	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	
SINOCHEM INTL DEVELOPMENT PTE					
LTD 3.125% S/A 25JUL2022	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	

## UNAUDITED PERFORMANCE TABLE

31 December 2018

## 1. NET ASSET VALUE

	Net assets value per unit				Total net asse	et
	HK\$	US\$	RMB	HK\$	US\$	RMB
As at 31 December 2018						
- Class A (HKD) units	10.007	-	-	2,235,733	-	_
- Class A (RMB) units	-	-	9.973	-	_	9,044
- Class A (USD) units	-	0.996	-	-	71,189	_
- Class I (HKD) units	10.031	-	-	10,056,762	_	_
- Class I (RMB) units	-	-	10.022	-	-	9,088
- Class I (USD) units	-	0.999	-	-	5,263,284	-
As at 31 December 2017 <sup>1</sup>						
- Class A (HKD) units	10.023	-	-	1,444,957	_	_
- Class A (RMB) units	-	-	9.519	-	_	8,632
- Class A (USD) units	-	1.000	-	-	71,447	_
- Class I (HKD) units	10.022	-	-	14,105,251	_	_
- Class I (RMB) units	-	-	9.538	-	-	8,649
- Class I (USD) units	-	1.000	-	-	5,269,159	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inception on 27 March 2017

# 2. HIGHEST ISSUE AND LOWEST REDEMPTION PRICES PER UNIT

	Highest subscription unit price			Lo	Lowest redemption unit price		
	HK\$	US\$		HK\$	US\$	RMB	
For the year ended 31 December 2018							
- Class A (HKD) units	10.029	-	-	9.669	-	-	
- Class A (RMB) units	-	-	10.020	-	-	9.087	
- Class A (USD) units	-	0.999	-	-	0.962	-	
- Class I (HKD) units	10.031	-	-	9.689	-	-	
- Class I (RMB) units	-	-	10.064	-	-	9.113	
- Class I (USD) units	-	1.000	-	-	0.965	-	
For the period from 27 March 2017 (date of inception) to 31 December 2017							
- Class A (HKD) units	10.190	-	-	9.997	_	_	
- Class A (RMB) units	_	-	10.079	-	_	9.518	
- Class A (USD) units	-	1.012	_	-	0.998	-	
- Class I (HKD) units	10.200	-	-	9.997	_	_	
- Class I (RMB) units	_	_	10.082	-	_	9.537	
- Class I (USD) units	-	1.013	-	-	0.999	-	